







EUROPEAN ENVIRONMENT AND HEALTH PROCESS NEVSLETTER

January-March 2024

- EDITORIAL
- 2. TOP STORY
- 3. COUNTRY ACTIVITES
- 4. RECENT EVENTS
- 5. LATEST PUBLICATIONS AND CAPACITY-BUILDING MATERIALS
- 6. EHP CORNER
- 7. EHP PARTNERSHIPS
- 8. NEWS FROM EHP STAKEHOLDERS AND PARTNERS
- 9. UPCOMING EVENTS AND INITIATIVES
- 10. CONTACT US









1. EDITORIAL

Greetings! As spring blooms around us, it is a pleasure to welcome you to this new issue of the <u>European Environment and Health Process (EHP)</u> newsletter.

As you read on, you will discover more about EHP activities in various countries; benefit from the insights gained through work on health challenges related to the triple environment crisis of climate change, environmental pollution and biodiversity loss; and get up to date with newly published materials.

Prepare to be inspired as we showcase the collective dedication and commitment of the <u>European Environment and Health Task Force (EHTF)</u> members.

Best regards, EHP Secretariat









2. TOP STORY

Behaviours at the heart of environment and health challenges



The WHO Regional Office for Europe, under the auspices of the European Environment and Health Process, held the seventh high-level Bonn Dialogue on Environment and

Health, Using behavioural and cultural insights for environment and health. The online event, which was held on 30 January 2024, spotlighted innovation, documentation and knowledge exchange as drivers of an effective application of behavioural and cultural insights (BCI) in the context of environment and health.

The Bonn Dialogue was organized in alignment with the <u>Budapest commitments</u> and the <u>BCI resolution</u>, driving action toward the <u>Environment and Health Roadmap to 2030.</u>

In a panel discussion, experts from Finland, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), the United Kingdom and the European Commission (EC) shared experiences of using BCI in relation to climate change, coronavirus disease (COVID-19) and emergency preparedness, and health-promoting forests, also in the context of the EC's Zero Pollution Action Plan.



Panel members stressed the need for more evidence-based approaches to tackle environment and health challenges, and recognized the

potential of using BCI to enable positive behaviour change.

Opened by Tamar Gabunia, First Deputy Minister of the Ministry of Internally Displaced Persons from the Occupied Territories, Labour, Health and Social Affairs of Georgia; and Robb Butler, Director of the Division of Communicable Diseases, Environment and Health at the WHO Regional Office for Europe, the event was attended by more than 200 people from across the WHO European Region.

Participants included representatives of the EHTF; national BCI focal points; and representatives of stakeholders working on BCI for environment and health policies in national, subnational, regional and local governments, including youth representatives.

The WHO Regional Office for Europe follow-ed up on the Bonn Dialogue with the publication of a policy <u>brief on applying BCI to environment and health</u>, as well as an online training module on the same topic.





Photo: Tamar Gabunia, Ministry of Internally Displaced Persons from the Occupied Territories, Labour, Health and Social Affairs of Georgia; and Robb Butler, WHO Regional Office for Europe, during the opening of the Bonn Dialogue.

©Dovile Adamonyte, 2024









3. COUNTRY ACTIVITES

A new phase for environment and health in Belgium

January 2024 marked a milestone with the launch of the <u>third National Action Plan on</u> <u>Environment and Health</u> (NEHAP3), Belgium's National Portfolio of Actions on Environment and Health, affirming two decades of efforts to make Belgium resilient and sustainable.

NEHAP3 focuses on two primary goals: enhancing resilience and adaptation to climate change, and mitigating the harmful effects of chemicals on human health and the environment. These objectives are operationalized through eight specific action sheets, which encompass various areas such as transitioning to resilient health-care systems, addressing ozone and heatwave

impacts, participating in European chemical risk assessment partnerships, implementing national plans on hormone disruptors, offering environmental health training for health-care professionals, monitoring exotic mosquitoes, and coordinating efforts to reduce tick populations and their associated risks.

Robb Butler, representing the WHO Regional Office for Europe, participated in the launch of NEHAP3, delivered a keynote speech and celebrated Belgium's support in implementing the <u>Budapest commitments</u> addressing both national and international ambitions concerning the triple environmental crisis.



Photo: Robb Butler, representing the WHO Regional Office for Europe together with Ms Zakia Khattabi, Minister of Climate, the Environment, Sustainable Development and Green Deal during the launch of NEHAP3. ©Robb Butler, 2024.









Inspiring collaborative subregional action: highlights from the V4+ Environment and Health Conference

To contribute to the implementation of Budapest commitments and under the Czech Presidency of the Visegrad Group (Czechia, Hungary, Poland and Slovakia), the V4+ Environment and Health Conference convened on 11 March 2024 in Brno, Czechia, offering a platform to address pressing environmental challenges in central and eastern Europe. Structured around key topics such as air pollution and its impact on child health, the conference facilitated in-depth discussions and knowledge sharing among experts and policy-makers. Outcomes were presented to

the V4+ ministers of environment, underscoring the importance of collaborative efforts in fostering a healthier and more sustainable region. Francesca Racioppi, on behalf of the WHO European Centre for Environment and Health (ECEH) in collaboration with the WHO Country Office in Czechia presented the Budapest Declaration and its Roadmap for healthier people, a thriving planet and a sustainable future 2023–2030, including the EHP Partnerships mechanism (see Section 7 below for more information about partnerships).

Using the One Health approach to build resilience and health security in Kosovo¹

At a 2-day workshop in Pristina, 42 public health officials, including experts from the human and animal health sectors and emergency management, looked at ways to adapt the One Health Joint Plan of Action, 2022–2026

(OH JPA) to local circumstances. The workshop was organized by WHO with financial support from the European Union (EU). The OH JPA was designed by four global organizations in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic to address health threats arising from the imbalance between human activities and increased stress on our ecosystems. The four organizations,

known as the Quadripartite organizations, comprise the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (UN), the UN Environment Programme, WHO and the World Organisation for Animal Health. The meeting participants were introduced to the OH JPA Implementation Guide, which was developed in 2023 by the Quadripartite to provide countries with guidance on how to adopt and adapt the OH JPA to the national level. The Guide is designed to be applicable to all countries, regardless of their progress on One Health implementation.









4. RECENT EVENTS

In the past three months several exciting events in the field of environment and health have taken place. Some of these are presented below.

22 March 2024, virtual

This year's <u>United Nations World Water Day</u> took place under the theme "Leveraging Water for Peace". Be part of the global campaign on water for peace. Download <u>resources</u> to get involved in activities also after the World Water Day and find out more about the connection between <u>water and peace</u>.

4-5 March 2024, Madrid, Spain

The first global in-person meeting of the members of the Alliance for Transformative Action on Climate and Health (ATACH) since its inception in 2021 brought together 200+ health sector delegates from ATACH member countries, experts, as well as WHO country offices and regional offices representing all global WHO regions. From the European Region, 11 member states attended (Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Germany, Georgia, Ireland, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Norway, Spain, Türkiye and Ukraine). The objectives of the meeting were to refine and validate the priorities and strategic direction of ATACH and each of its working groups up to the end of 2025, to support countries to advance climate change and health implementation, including the UN Climate Change Conference (COP)26 health commitments and the health outcomes of COP27 and COP28, and to strengthen collaboration and coordination for driving implementation at country level. WHO ECEH presented the latest developments and initiatives in the WHO European Region, including the EHP Partnership for Health Sector Climate Action as a "regional chapter" to ATACH. The ATACH Global Meeting was live-streamed on this page. More details can be found on the ATACH Community website. The ATACH meeting was followed by a two-day training-oftrainers event with the aim to develop the capacities of a pool of expert trainers on WHOsupported tools and methods for building climate-resilient and low-carbon, sustainable health systems and to provide effective technical support to governments in developing and implementing national climate-health policies and programmes.

28 February 2024, Geneva, Switzerland

The <u>Fourteenth meeting of the Task Force on Water and Climate</u> aimed to discuss, plan and provide guidance to the implementation of the activities on water and climate under the <u>Water Convention Programme of Work for 2022-2024</u> as well as to the planned activities under the next Water Convention Programme of Work for 2025–2027. The









meeting was open to experts representing governmental authorities, the private sector, nongovernmental and international organizations as well as other interested stakeholders.

The Task Force on Water and Climate is responsible for activities related to the adaptation to climate change in transboundary basins, including flood and drought management, in accordance with the Water Convention Programme of Work for 2022-2024.

26-27 February 2024, Geneva, Switzerland

The Global Workshop on Transboundary Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation brought together water, agriculture, climate and environment communities as well as drought experts to jointly discuss best practices and lessons learned in addressing droughts in transboundary basins.

The workshop covered various topics, including drought management planning in transboundary basins, the role of basin organizations, global initiatives on drought management, aquifer management, early warning systems, flood-drought interaction, land-use management, water quality and quantity issues, water allocation, and green and grey infrastructure solutions for droughts.

19-21 February 2024, Brussels, Belgium

The high-level conference Research Perspectives on the Health Impacts of Climate Change, organized by the Directorate-General for Research and Innovation, brought together an array of prominent researchers, policy-makers and other stakeholders to reflect on the current challenges, priorities and needs for research and researchers in the field of climate change and human health. Additionally, the conference supported the launch of a strategic research and innovation agenda identifying the priority topics for the years to come on climate change and health research. WHO ECEH participated in the event with the aim of enhancing and making visible the role of health as a driver of global climate action, which until now has not played a significant part in the discussions.

15 February 2024, virtual

WHO's Air Quality, Energy and Health unit in collaboration with WHO ECEH held a webinar, Launch of AirQ+ Spanish version: tool to evaluate the health impacts of air pollution. The webinar, attended by more than 250 participants and which is part of the WHO Webinar Series – Clean air and energy for health: from evidence to solutions, introduced the new Spanish version of AirQ+, a valuable, publicly accessible and rigorous tool for assessing the health impacts of air pollution.









1 February 2024, Brussels, Belgium

During the European Parliament's SANT subcommittee meeting on Public Health, the WHO Regional Office for Europe exchanged views on COP28, environment and health and highlighted that the climate crisis is the existential health crisis of our time, and called to stay true to the commitments of the <u>Budapest Declaration</u> and to drive engagement into <u>ATACH</u>. Watch the full speech of Robb Buttler, Director of the Division of Communicable Diseases, Environment and Health at the Regional Office for Europe, <u>here</u>.

30 January 2024, Hasselt, Belgium

Within the context of the Belgian Presidency of the Council of the EU in 2024, the Flemish Minister of Mobility and Public Works and the Flemish Department of Mobility and Public Works hosted the High-Level EU Cycling Conference – Taking the European Declaration on Cycling to the next level. WHO ECEH joined a panel discussion on the health and safety aspects of cycling, disseminating WHO work under the Transport, Health and Environment pan-European Programme and the WHO Health economic assessment tool for walking and cycling.



Photo: Ms Francesca Racioppi, Head, WHO ECEH, giving a speech at the Conference ©Flemish Department of Mobility and Public Works, 2024









5. LATEST PUBLICATIONS AND CAPACITY-BUILDING MATERIALS

Discover the latest WHO publications and capacity-building materials in the field of environment and health, listed below.

Guidelines for drinking-water quality: small water supplies



Small drinking-water supplies commonly experience operational, managerial, technical and resourcing challenges that impact their ability to deliver safe and reliable services. The needs and opportunities associated with these supplies therefore warrant explicit consideration in policies and regulations. The WHO *Guidelines for drinking-water quality:* small water supplies, launched in February 2024, have been developed to address the needs and opportunities associated with small supplies to facilitate progressive improvement toward safe and sustainable drinking-water services for all. The guidelines, developed with support of

WHO ECEH, present recommendations related to drinking-water quality regulations and standards, risk management approaches and surveillance programmes that balance public health protection and resource realities. As a separate but complementary publication, WHO's 2024 <u>Sanitary inspection packages</u> provide practical resources to aid the implementation of the Guidelines, in particular recommendations related to proactive risk assessment and risk management practice.

Communicating on climate change and health: Toolkit for health professionals



This toolkit provides comprehensive resources to help health professionals understand the health impacts of climate change, as well as the health cobenefits of climate action; build confidence in communication; and engage with various stakeholders effectively. Health professionals are well-placed to play a unique role in helping their communities understand climate change, protect themselves, and realize the health benefits of climate solutions. By empowering health and care workers to communicate about climate change and health, it aims to drive collective action towards mitigating climate change, building resilience and safeguarding public health.









How coronavirus disease has changed the environment and health landscape: a policy brief is now available in Russian



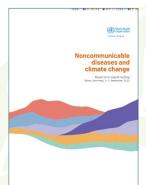
This <u>brief</u> which is now available in Russian, supports reflection by distilling the impacts of COVID-19 on environment and health and summarizing the evidence that its roots lie in the disregard for events at the interface of human, animal and environmental health.

Emergency preparedness, readiness and response plan for cholera in the WHO European Region



This <u>document</u> provides overarching guidance and facilitates coherence on strategic objectives and priority activities for cholera preparedness, readiness and response in the WHO European Region – primarily focusing on two priority countries: Türkiye and Ukraine. The plan, developed with support of WHO ECEH, is intended for use by WHO country offices in the European Region and collaborating stakeholders as a supplement to the WHO Global strategic preparedness, readiness and response plan for cholera.

New WHO tools to support action on noncommunicable diseases and climate change



At COP28, the WHO Regional Office for Europe presented initial findings from the report of an expert meeting on NCDs and climate change which explores multisectoral actions and priorities to effectively tackle major health and environmental concerns. For more about NCDs and climate change, please see a report of an expert meeting which was held in December 2022 in Bonn, Germany.









Personal-level actions to reduce air pollution exposure in the WHO European Region



This <u>report</u> summarizes evidence and information and formulates practical advice on personal-level actions to reduce exposure to ambient air pollution. It covers personal actions such as reducing the amount of time spent in polluted outdoor environments, adjusting the location and timing of physical activity, using air cleaners, wearing face coverings, and mobility options (transport, active transportation, routes, driving style and vehicle settings).

Course on the introduction to children's environmental health

The first of its kind, this interactive <u>course</u> launched by WHO and the United Nations Children's Fund is a comprehensive set of internationally harmonized and peer-reviewed materials on the most relevant and pressing issues on children's environmental health. Course participants will increase their capacity to recognize, prevent, diagnose and manage children's conditions related to an array of environmental threats.

Online training modules on applying BCI to health



The modules offer participants the opportunity to apply the BCI approach in practice and foster their understanding about BCI-related concepts, theories and methods.

The online modules are free to access and relevant for all professionals working with public health policy, service and communication processes. They can be accessed here in English or Russian here.



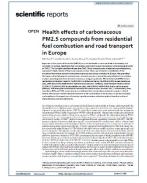






Make sure to catch up on the following interesting reads:

Health effects of carbonaceous PM2.5 compounds from residential fuel combustion and road transport in Europe



Approximately 238 000 air pollution deaths could be avoided each year if the EU27 countries actually met WHO guidelines for air pollution, according to figures from the European Environment Agency. Furthermore, more than 400 000 deaths could be avoided if particle air pollution could be avoided completely.

In February the EU Council agreed <u>new legislation for clean air for 2030</u> and beyond. As EU countries work towards these new legal limits, <u>this new study</u> has estimated the benefits that could quickly arise with reductions in air pollution from traffic and home heating.

Japan's green and blue spaces inspire the continued promotion of healthy cities in Europe

Green cities, age-friendly cities, nutrition and blue spaces were among the highlights of a study tour to five Japanese cities, organized by the WHO European Healthy Cities Network in collaboration with the Alliance for Healthy Cities in the WHO Regional Office for the Western Pacific. Check out the outcomes of the study tour here.

Extreme weather ranked as top risk

<u>World Economic Forum 2024</u> deems extreme weather to be top risk in new <u>report</u>, with contributions from 1490 experts across academia, business, government, the international community and civil society.









6. EHP CORNER

Here, in our corner, we are excited to share some key highlights of the work being implemented by the EHP Secretariat in follow-up to the <u>Budapest commitments</u>.



To all members of the EHTF and its Bureau: get ready for the upcoming fourteenth meeting of the EHTF, 26–27 June 2024, Utrecht, Netherlands (Kingdom of the).

The main purpose of the meeting is to follow-up on the progress of the EHP since the Seventh Ministerial Conference, as well as to plan the EHTF activities and key milestones to be achieved by the EHP in the implementation of the commitments from the <u>Budapest Declaration and its Roadmap</u> in the 2024–2025 biennium and beyond.

Stay tuned for further updates and meeting outcomes, which will be featured in the upcoming June issue of the EHP newsletter!



Enabling a wider audience to access key insights and outcomes of the <u>Seventh</u> <u>Ministerial Conference on Environment and Health</u> (Budapest, Hungary, 5-7 July 2023): Check out the Conference <u>report</u> which is now available in French, German and Russian.









7. EHP PARTNERSHIPS

The EHP Partnerships is a mechanism within the EHP to accelerate national and international implementation of commitments made in the Declaration of the Seventh Ministerial Conference on Environment and Health and its Roadmap. The EHP Partnerships bring



together countries and partners with a shared interest in a specific thematic area to collaborate on a voluntary basis and leverage progress across the WHO European Region.

As reported by the Partnerships launched at the <u>Budapest Conference</u>, currently efforts are concentrated on expanding, hosting deepdive roundtables to establish priority topics and activities, and reaching agreements on collective terms of reference.

The EHP Partnerships engage in various meetings organized by WHO and other United Nations organizations. For example, the Partnership for Health Sector Climate Action (led by Ireland) participated in the European roundtable at the global meeting of the Alliance for Transformative Action on Climate and Health, which took place on 4–5 March 2024 in Madrid. Youth involvement aimed to advocate for and emphasize the significance of national commitments, policies and capacities in building low-carbon, climateresilient health systems. The Partnership plans to meet in-person on 13 and 14 May 2024 in Bonn at WHO ECEH's premises.

In efforts to engage youth and bridge international gaps, the representative of the FEHP Partnership on Youth (led by Slovenia and co-led by the International Youth Health Organization) took part in the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Regional Forum for Sustainable Development on Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 13 round table, contributing to the discussion on Solving the Rubik's cube of the planetary crisis: lining up policy solutions for climate risks and biodiversity loss. For further insight into youth priorities, please refer to the Youth Report for the Regional Forum. For more about the Forum, see Section 8 - News from stakeholders and partners.



Ani Beraia, representing the EHP Partnership on Youth at the Regional Forum for Sustainable Development ©Ani Beraia, 2024











Also, the Youth Partnership's representative called to participants of the side event Advancing the Six Transitions: What Role for Young People? at the Forum on Sustainable Development to accelerate environment and health action by implementing the Budapest commitments of youth.

In late spring, a call for youth organizations across the European Region to join the EHP Youth Partnership will be opened. Stay tuned!

The Transport, Health and Environment
Pan-European Programme/EHP Partnership
on Healthy Active Mobility (led by Austria,
France and Netherlands (Kingdom of the)) is
focusing on two main directions: implementing

the Pan-European Master Plan for Cycling Promotion, adopted in 2021 by Member States, and developing the Pan-European Master Plan for Walking. The Partnership plans to gather in Belgrade at the meeting hosted by the Serbian government (see the list of upcoming events).

The EHP Partnership on Human Biomonitoring in the WHO European Region (led by Germany and co-led by Georgia). As a result of the discussion at the first meeting of the EHP Partnership on Human Biomonitoring on 28th November 2023, actions that can be implemented using Partnership capacities were summarized for further discussion. The actions are grouped within four areas: sharing concepts, tools and information; promoting national human biomonitoring programmes; creating regulatory and policy frameworks; and communication on human biomonitoring. As the next step, short- and long term workplans will be developed in consultation with Partnership members.

Read more about all four EHP Partnerships here.









8. NEWS FROM EHP STAKEHOLDERS AND PARTNERS

Our dedicated partners and environmental health stakeholders have been working tirelessly to make a difference and create a positive impact. Below you will find a selection of their latest activities.

Sustainable Development in the UNECE Region: facing a headwind in 2024

The Regional Forum on Sustainable Development took place at a time of multiple crises. In recognition of the strong affirmation of the 2030 Agenda at the SDG Summit, governments and stakeholders across the UNECE region are now looking for impactful, innovative and crisis-resilient policies and solutions to accelerate the implementation of the SDG.

Against this background, the theme for the 2024 Regional Forum was Reinforcing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in the Economic Commission for Europe region in times of multiple crises: The effective delivery of sustainable, resilient and innovative solutions.

Click <u>here</u> to access the information on and outcomes of the high-level segments, round tables, plenary sessions, side events and pre-meetings.

Take a look at this <u>publication</u>, which provides the 2024 progress assessment on the SDGs in the UNECE region, based on the data available in the <u>United Nations Global SDG Indicators Database</u>.

Sixth session of the United Nations Environment Assembly (UNEA-6)

The UNEA-6 took place from 26 February to 1 March 2024 at the United Nations Environment Programme headquarters in Nairobi, Kenya. UNEA-6 concluded with the adoption of <u>15 resolutions</u> to advance collaborative action on the triple planetary crisis of climate change, nature and biodiversity loss, and pollution and waste.

The <u>session</u> focused on how multilateralism can help tackle the triple planetary crisis. Backed by strong science, political resolve and engagement with society, the UNEA-6 was an opportunity for world governments, civil society groups, the scientific community and the private sector to shape global environmental policy.

Check out the <u>Global Youth Declaration on the Environment</u> adopted at the Global Youth Environment Assembly held on 17–18 February 2024, in Nairobi, Kenya, and submitted to UNEA-6.









Towards thriving societies - advancing health in the well-being economy



Cities are drivers of innovation across public and private sectors towards enabling an economy that works for everyone. This <u>Political Statement</u> has been developed through consultation with member cities and the WHO European Office for Investment for Health and Development and reflects commitment to the Health and Well-Being Economy Pilot initiated by the <u>WHO European Healthy Cities Network</u>. The pilot aims to bring expertise together to support action in cities towards well-being economies.









9. UPCOMING EVENTS AND INITIATIVES

We have a number of important upcoming meetings and events. Here is a list of the highlights.

Launch of the 2024 Lancet Countdown in Europe Report (virtual, 13 May 2024, 14:00–16:00 CEST). Register <u>here</u>.

European Public Health Week (virtual, 13-17 May 2024).

Arctic Congress 2024 (Bodø, Norway, 29 May-3 June 2024).

3rd High-Level International Conference on the International Decade for Action "Water for Sustainable Development" (Dushanbe, Tajikistan, 10–13 June 2024).

High-level Conference on One Health (Vienna, Austria, 11–13 June 2024).

14th meeting of the EHTF (Utrecht, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), 26-27 June 2024).

Central Asia International Health Investment Forum (Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan, 26–27 June 2024).

Upcoming launch of the UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS) 2024–2025 country survey in April 2024



The GLAAS survey is open to all interested countries. The benefits of participating in the GLAAS country survey include that:

- GLAAS supports the generation of evidence for sector analysis, planning and budgeting, helps increase policy attention and resources for the water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) sector and informs national WASH target-setting and implementation; and
- countries will contribute to global progress reporting on SDG 6, in particular targets 6a and 6b, as well as to regional reporting schemes, such as the UNECE-WHO Regional Office for Europe Protocol on Water and Health.

It is envisaged that if a country chooses to participate in GLAAS, data collection will take place from April 2024 to October 2024. Country summary results will be produced and returned to countries to ensure endorsement, validation and use at country level. The global GLAAS summary report will be published in the third quarter of 2025. The GLAAS 2021/2022 cycle data and highlights are available on the GLAAS data portal.

WHO ECEH support the regional rollout of GLAAS and would like to cordially invite you to participate in the GLAAS 2024/2025 cycle. It would be appreciated if you could send an expression of interest confirming your country's participation in the GLAAS 2024/25 survey. Please send your response to Dr Fiona Gore and Dr Dennis Schmiege at glaas@who.int and euwatsan@who.int.









A pre-announcement for a call for submitting national case studies for the upcoming Executive Officers Meeting on Governance and Capacities for Environment and Health – 2–4 December 2024, Bonn, Germany

ECEH is excited to announce that it will convene the Meeting of National Executive Officers of Ministries of Environment and Ministries of Health to provide a peer-to-peer platform for exchange and discussion on how to accelerate progress in strengthening governance, intersectoral collaboration, human resources and knowledge for environment and health.

The meeting will take place on 2–4 December in Bonn, Germany, as a follow-up to the <u>Budapest Declaration</u>. It is addressed to executive officers with responsibilities for setting strategic priorities, promoting organizational development and recommending the allocation of resources for environment, climate change and health within their respective ministries or relevant national institutions. Invitation letters will be sent to ministries in the coming weeks.

ECEH will approach all EHTF focal points directly with further information and an invitation to submit experiences and practices on environment and health governance that could be presented and discussed as national case studies at the meeting. Please, stay tuned!

For further information, please contact eurobonnschool@who.int.









10. CONTACT US

WHO European Centre for Environment and Health

Platz der Vereinten Nationen 1 D-53113 Bonn, Germany

Tel. (switchboard): +49 228 8150 400

Fax: +49 228 81 50 440 E-mail: euceh@who.int

© World Health Organization 2024. Some rights reserved. This work is available under the CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO license.